## PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Marion Blaszczyk
DOCKET NO.: 05-24499.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 18-36-219-030-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Marion Blaszczyk, the appellant, and the Cook County Board of Review.

The subject property consists of a 37-year-old, two-story, multifamily dwelling of masonry construction containing 3,465 square feet of living area with four full bathrooms and situated on an 8,010 square foot parcel. The subject is built with crawl space and located in Lyons Township, Cook County.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming unequal treatment in the assessment process as the basis of the appeal. In support of this claim, the appellant submitted assessment data and descriptive information on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The appellant also submitted photographs of the subject and the suggested comparables and a copy of the board of review's decision. on the appellant's documents, the three suggested comparables consist of two-story, 39 or 40-year-old, multi-family dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry construction. The improvements range in size from 3,100 to 3,432 square feet of living area. The comparables contain four full bathrooms. The improvement assessments range from \$8.21 to \$9.11 per square foot of living Based on the evidence submitted, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The appellant also requested a reduction in the subject's land assessment, however, no analysis was provided in support of this request.

(Continued on Next Page)

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>no change</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the <u>Cook</u> County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 4,165 IMPR.: \$ 31,152 TOTAL: \$ 35,317

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

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The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$35,317. The subject's improvement assessment is \$31,152 or \$8.99 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment the board submitted property characteristic printouts and descriptive data on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The suggested comparables are improved with two-story, multifamily dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry construction with the same neighborhood code as the subject. The improvements range in size from 3,209 to 5,304 square feet of living area and range in age from 36 to 38 years. The comparables contain four or six full bathrooms. Two comparables contain a finished or unfinished basement and one comparable has a two-car attached garage. The improvement assessments range from \$9.26 to \$10.39 per square foot of living area. Based on the evidence presented, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review V. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not overcome this burden.

Both parties presented assessment data on a total of six equity comparables. These six properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$8.21 to \$10.39 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$8.99 falls within the range established by these properties. In addition, the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is lower than four of the six properties offered for comparison. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is supported by the properties contained in the record. The appellant failed to provide an analysis supporting the land assessment request. As a result, the Board also sustains the land assessment assigned to the subject property.

As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant has failed to adequately demonstrate that the subject property was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and a reduction is not warranted. This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

## <u>CERTIFICATION</u>

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: February 29, 2008

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

## IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the

subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.